

Blacktown Heritage Inventory – DRAFT 2009

ITEM DETAILS								
Name of Item	Checkers Homestead							
Other Name/s Former Name/s	New Tribes Mission							
Item type (if known)	Built							
Item group (if known)								
Item category (if known)								
Area, Group, or Collection Name								
Street number								
Street name	6 Gimi Place	Э						
Suburb/town	Plumpton					Post	code	2761
Local Government Area/s	Blacktown C	City Council						
Property description	Part of Lot 2	216, DP 106	8080 Gimi Grov	e, Plumpt	on			
Location - Lat/long	Latitude				Longitude			
Location - AMG (if no street address)	Zone		Easting			Northing		
Owner	New Tribes	Mission						
Current use	Unused							
Former Use	Homestead, accommodation							
Statement of significance	Checkers is associated with the development of the Woodstock Estate by Walter Lamb in the 1870s and 1880s. The house was certainly built prior to his bankruptcy and subsequent subdivision of his Woodstock Estate in 1893. While it is not clear how the house was used by Walter Lamb, it is possible that it provided accommodation either for one of his sons or for visitors. Checkers is one of only a small number of large homesteads surviving from the nineteenth century development of the Plumpton and Rooty Hill area for agricultural and grazing use. It is a good example of a late Victorian homestead, having many similarities to the nearby Woodstock, built for							
Level of Significance	Walter Lamb	State	; 🗌			Local	\boxtimes	



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		DES	CRIPTION			
Designer						
Builder/ maker	John Mellor					
Physical Description	additions and infills to each side. A velarge openings, proverandahs have be A hipped rear wing The roof is corruga A stair has been instituted in the rous.	. The main wing erandah encircle bably originally en largely infilled providing kitche ted steel. serted into the so e has plastered	n accommodation is to the outheast verandah to provi walls. The original ceili	simple plan with a correct faces northeast a doors open to the southwest. de access to the roonings appear to have	entral hall and ro nd is flanked by side verandahs. of space.	ooms / two The
Physical condition	decorative plaster ceilings and cornices in the early to mid twentieth century.					
and Archaeological potential	The house is unoccupied.					
Construction years	Start year	1880	Finish year		Circa	
Modifications and dates			d in the twentieth century. wing) in the mid to late tw		Ided to the	
Further comments					•	

	HISTORY
Historical notes	Checkers is built on land purchased by Walter Lamb in the 1870s. Lamb purchased over 2,500 acres in the Rooty Hill area, initially using the land for grazing stock. By 1878 he had built a new homestead Woodstock and established a coursing ground on the land.
	In 1883, Lamb began to subdivide his Rooty Hill estates, marketing the allotments to prospective orchardists on the understanding that he would establish a cannery where they could sell their fruit.
	Following poor seasons in 1889 and 1892, and in part due to the general depression of the time, Walter Lamb filed for bankruptcy in 1893. His Rooty Hill land was heavily mortgaged at the time and was subdivided by his mortgagee, the Australian Mutual Provident Society. Lot 51 of the subdivision was bounded by the present Rooty Hill Road, Power Street, Glendenning Road and Woodstock Avenue. The subdivision plan indicates that the house presently known as Checkers had been built by that time.
	Mrs Roseanna Donnelly purchased the house (Checkers) from Lamb's Mortgagee in 1896. She died in 1901 and the property was transferred to Rosanna Donnelly and Eliza Jane Donnelly, both spinsters, Andrew Thompson, a master tanner and Thomas Donnelly, a salesman. After the death of Eliza Jane Donnelly the property was sold in 1911 to Otto Nelson of Sydney.
	Alfred Colless of Penrith advertised the house for auction in the Nepean Times of April 1906. The house was described as being built of brick and "containing a drawing room, dining room, six bedrooms with fixed wardrobes in three bedrooms, one plate glass mirror, kitchen with good range, scullery, two pantries with shelves and cupboards, bathroom with enamel bath (plunge and shower), linen presses, laundry with fixed tubs and large copper, two storerooms, good supply of water. House has verandahs all around."



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In 1921 the house was owned by Francis Charles Sergeant who called the property Checkers. By this time the entry from Rooty Hill Road North had been established.
By 1957 Checkers was owned by Edward John Cardlan, a grazier of Turramurra. He sold it that year to New Tribes (New Guinea). At that time the property included a house, shed and dairy.

	THEMES						
National	Developing local and regional economies						
historical theme	Building settlements, towns and cities						
	Developing Australia's Cultural Life						
	Marking the phases of life						
State	Agriculture, pastoralism						
historical theme	Accommodation						
	Religion						
	Persons						

	APPLICATION OF CRITERIA
Historical significance SHR criteria (a)	Checkers is one of only a small number of large homesteads surviving from the nineteenth century development of the Plumpton and Rooty Hill area for agricultural and grazing use.
Historical association significance SHR criteria (b)	Checkers is associated with the development of the Woodstock Estate by Walter Lamb in the 1870s and 1880s. The house was certainly built prior to his bankruptcy and subsequent subdivision of his Woodstock Estate in 1893. While it is not clear how the house was used by Walter Lamb, it is possible that it provided accommodation either for one of his sons or for visitors.
Aesthetic significance SHR criteria (c)	Checkers is a good example of a late Victorian homestead. Its design has similarities to the nearby Woodstock, built for Walter Lamb.
Social significance SHR criteria (d)	
Technical/Research significance SHR criteria (e)	
Rarity SHR criteria (f)	The Rooty Hill and Plumpton area was dominated by agricultural and grazing activity until the twentieth century. Most homesteads associated with these pursuits have been lost. Checkers is a rare surviving example of a nineteenth century homestead built for a family of great influence in the development of the area.
Representativeness SHR criteria (g)	Checkers is a good example of a late Victorian homestead in the Regency style. It retains its original layout and a reasonable amount of original joinery.
Integrity	The original layout and form of the homestead is largely intact. Surviving joinery on the site and the surviving fabric of Woodstock could be used to guide conjectural reconstruction of missing elements.



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State Heritage Inventory Data Base Number:	
	HERITAGE LISTINGS
Heritage listing/s	HERITAGE EIGTINGS

INFORMATION SOURCES Include conservation and/or management plans and other heritage studies.					
Туре	Author/Client	Title	Year	Repository	
Written	George Nicolaidis	Confidential letter dated 29 February 2005. Telephone conversation with Sue Galt recorded in memo of 3 May 2005 in (File no. DA-05-670)	2005	Blacktown City Council	
Written	Hubert Architects	Conservation Management Plan for Woodstock, Plumpton	2000	Blacktown City Council	
Electronic	NSW Registry of Births Deaths and Marriages	Registration No. 15396/1901	1901	http://www.bdm.nsw.gov.au	
Written	Jonathan Falk Planning Consultants Pty Ltd in Association with Rodney Jensen & Associates Pty Ltd	Draft Blacktown Heritage Study 1986 – Item 253	1986	Blacktown City council	
Written		Certificate of Title Vol 1169 fol 227		Land and Property Information	
Oral	Pamela Hubert interview with Mr Sharp of New Tribes Bible College		2002	Hubert Architects	

RECOMMENDATIONS						
Recommendations	Twentieth century additions could be removed, including fibro infill and profiled cladding as well as the twentieth century wing on the southwest side. Bathroom and kitchen fitouts (excluding chimneys) could be removed.					
	Windows and door openings should be boarded over until conservation works commence. Boarding over should be done in a manner that ensures the security of the building.					
	Roof sheeting should be replaced with galvanised corrugated steel to prevent further water ingress.					
	Reconstruction should be guided by surviving original elements					
	The curtilage of the house should not be further reduced. Landscaping should allow the existing grounds to relate to the adjacent parkland to provide a sense of the original gardens.					



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	SOURCE OF THIS INFORMATION				
Name of study or report			rear of stu or report	ıdy	
Item number in study or report					
Author of study or report					
Inspected by					
NSW Heritage Manual	guidelines used?		Yes 🗌		No 🗌
This form completed by		D	Date		



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PROPOSED HERITAGE ITEM 9

IMAGES - 1 per page

Please supply images of each elevation, the interior and the setting.

Image caption			
lmage year	Image by	Image copyright holder	

